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CLAIMS

1. A method of enhancing spectral data, said data comprising M discrete intensity values within one of a range of wavelength values, a range of frequency values and a range of mass values, said method comprising:
- a) applying a first function to the spectral data to obtain an inverse transform of the spectrum,
 - b) zero-filling said inverse transform, and
 - 10 c) applying a second function to the zero-filled inverse transform to obtain a spectrum comprising N discrete intensity values within said range of wavelength, frequency or mass values, wherein $N > M$.
- 15 2. A method according to claim 1, further comprising the step of:
- i) apodizing said inverse transform, before zero-filling and applying the second function.
- 20 3. A method according to claim 2, wherein the second function is applied to the apodized zero-filled inverse transform.

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4. A method according to claim 1 or 2, wherein when the inverse transform is zero-filled by a factor Z, and wherein N is Z times greater than M.
- 5 5. A method according to any preceding claim, wherein the spectral data comprises an atomic emission spectrum.
6. A method according to claim 1, 2 or 5, wherein the spectral data is in the ultra-violet, visible and/or
10 infrared domain.
7. A method according to any of claims 1 to 4, wherein the spectral data comprises a mass spectrum.
- 15 8. A method according to any preceding claim, wherein the first function is a Fourier Transform function and second function is an inverse Fourier Transform function.
9. A method according to any preceding claim, wherein the
20 spectral data and the spectrum are a spectrum in the frequency domain.
10. A computer program, which when run on a computer, carries out the method according to any preceding claim.

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11. A computer readable medium embodying the computer program of claim 10.

5 12. A processor configured:

- (a) to receive spectral data from a spectrometer, the spectral data comprising M discrete intensity values within one of a range of wavelength values, a range of frequency values and a range of mass values;
- 10 (b) to apply a first function to the spectral data to obtain an inverse transform of the spectrum,
- (c) to zero-fill said inverse transform, and
- (d) to apply a second function to the zero-filled inverse transform to obtain a spectrum comprising N
- 15 discrete intensity values within said one of said ranges of wavelength, frequency and mass values, and wherein $N > M$.

13. A spectrometer arranged to generate an array of

20 spectral data comprising M discrete intensity values within one of a range of wavelength values, a range of frequency values and a range of mass values, the spectrometer including the processor of claim 12.